



Socioeconomic performance of pastoral systems: A lost cause or an example?



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Project Identity

- PRIMA Call 2021 Section1 Farming Systems
- Innovation Action
- 20 Partners from 12 Mediterranean countries
- 43 Supporting Organizations
- Total requested budget 2.750.000€
- Project duration 1 May 2022 30
 April 2025 (36 months)















































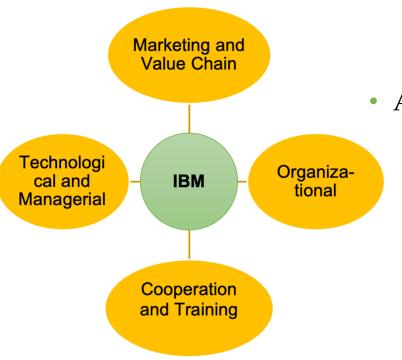


PASTINNOVA - How we approach pastoral systems?

Common network on "Pastoral actors and VCP"

The mission of this common network will be to *pool existing* pastoral resources with different levels of maturity and to re-adapt, replicate (at higher TRL) and transfer the ones with high potential across Mediterranean Regions





A participatory inclusive approach based on Living Laboratories

- Four Regional Living Labs (RLLs)
- Co-creation, co-design, implement, assess, characterize **Innovations and Business Models (IBM)**
 - We already have ~100 IBM from all partners
 - IBM were "shortlisted" by relevant partners
 - A pool of more than 35 IBM







Survey identity and outcomes

Toolkit of sustainability indicators and forecast analysis of future Scenarios

- Design a **farm typology** for pastoral sheep farms per country (based on local/national experience and particularities Consultation with stakeholders)
- Farm **survey** to collect data from **representative sheep farms** per country
- Questionnaire prepared and sent to partners
 - Collection of detailed technical and economic data
 - A guide with data from a Greek sheep farm was provided
- Technical and economic analysis per farm type for each country

7 countries involved: Italy (CNR and UNIVPM), Cyprus (CIRRD), Turkey (CUNI), Algeria (INRAA), Croatia (UZ), Greece (ELGO-AUTH), France (INRAE) - 76 farms in total







Farm Economics 101

Descriptive technical and economic analysis

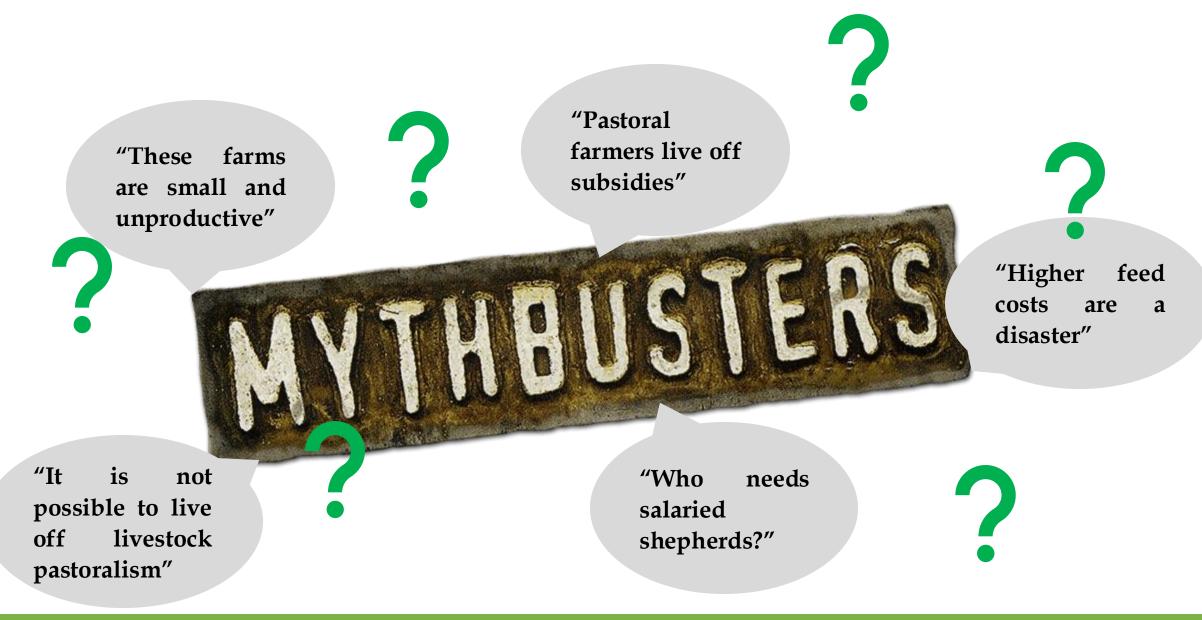
- Crop/Livestock demands in physical and economic units Descriptive analysis
 - Presentation by input, by task etc
 - Permits to pinpoint the most demanding tasks and/or the most scarce inputs
 - Good for initial comparisons between crops and farms
- Calculation of financial results Indicators of economic performance







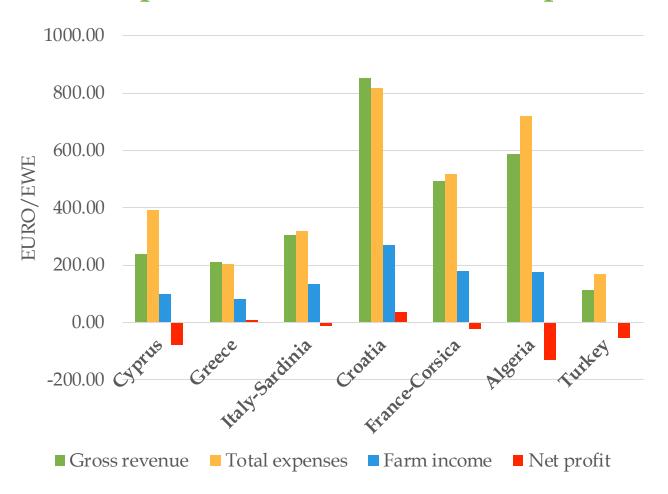
Some questions..... Are there responses?

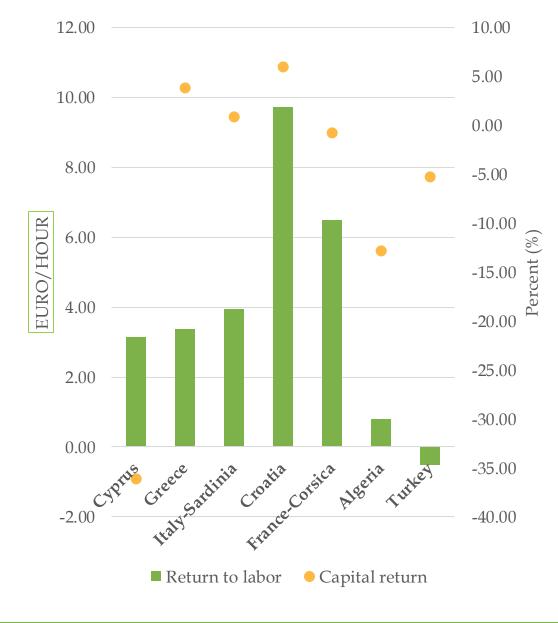






"It is not possible to live off livestock pastoralism"



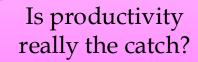


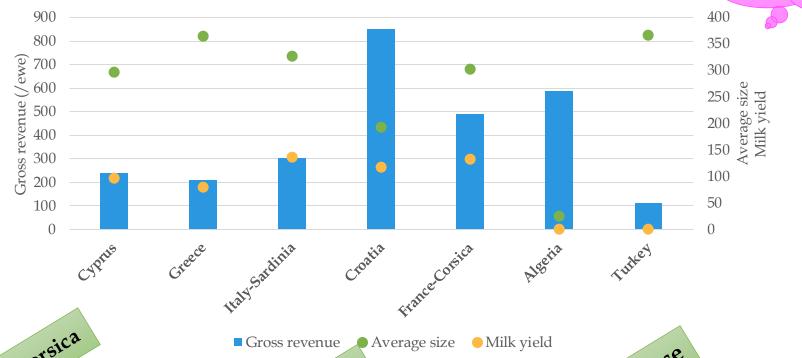






"These farms are small and unproductive"

















"Pastoral farmers live off subsidies"



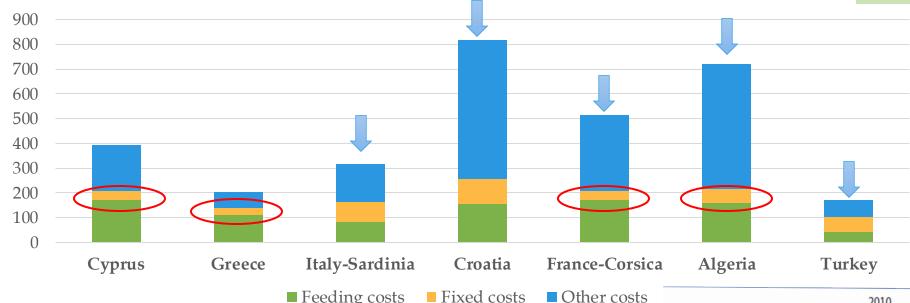






"Higher feed costs are a disaster"

Climate change – Feed autonomy Rangeland management



15 Collective and individual approaches to pastoral land governance in Greek silvopastoral systems

The case of sheep and goat transhumance

Athanasios Ragkos and Stavriani Koutsou



	2010			2014		
	Expensesper farm(€)	€/ewe	% of totalexpenses	Expenses per farm(€)	€/ewe	% of totalexpenses
Land rent	4,947.0	20.3	6.4	3,581.9	16.4	4.7
Labour expenses	18,620.1	76.4*	23.9	18,497.2	84.6*	24.5
Family labour	15,322.9	62.8*	19.7	17,569.2	80.4*	23.3
Hired labour	3,297.2	13.5*	4.2	928.1	4.2*	1.2
Capital expenses	54,199.5	222.3*	69.7	53,344.2	244.0*	70.7
Variable capital	28,891.0	110.5*	37.2	28,035.7	128.2*	37.2
Feedstuff expenses	22,437.8	92.0*	28.9	22,412.4	102.5*	29.7
Other variable expenses	6,453.2	26.5	8.3	5,623.3	25.7	7.5
Fixed capital	25,308.5	103.8	32.5	25,308.5	115.8	33.6
Total production expenses	77,766.6	319.0*	100.0	75,423.3	345.0*	100.0



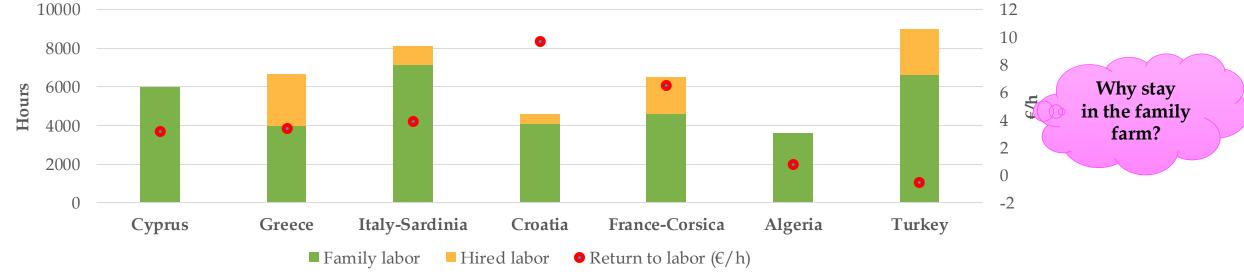




"Who needs salaried shepherds?"













Some responses.....

"These farms are old and unproductive"

High quality products for creative marketing ideas

"Pastoral farmers live off subsidies"

Need for enabling frameworks and equal opportunities

"Higher feed costs are a disaster"

Emphasize local solutions – Big cost savings show the way to others

"It is not possible to live off livestock pastoralism"

Accept and promote new activities, new products, more species....

"Who needs salaried shepherds?"

Passionate, happy, experienced people
- New roles in inclusive societies

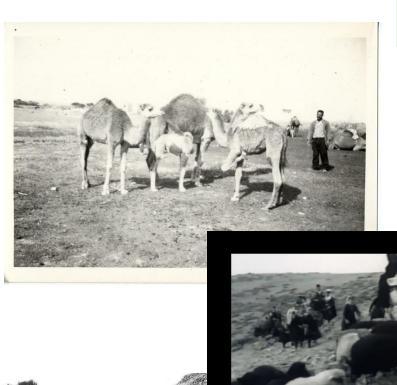






Realization that pastoralism is evolving, adapting

"Pastoral photos are always black and white"















And what?

- Need for informed, evidence-based opinions
- Stronger and rational voices in the policy debate
- Need for information flows Deeper understanding

Huge diversity of farm types, species, products, practices, activities.....



Context-related analysis and specific solutions







PASTINNOVA Economic analysis – Our group

Algeria (INRAA) - Khaled Abbas, Rachida Amri

Cyprus (CIRRD) - Sokratis Sokratous

Corsica (INRAE – SELMET) - Jean-Paul Dubeuf

Croatia (UNIZG) - Ante Ivankovic

Greece (ELGO, AUTH) – Alexandros Theodoridis, Dimitris Skordos, Georgia Koutouziou, Athanasios Ragkos

Italy - Sardinia (CNR, Rete APPIA) - Antonio Franca, Pasquale Arca, Giovanni Altana

Italy - Marche (UNIVPM) - Paride d' Ottavio, Matteo Francioni, Marco Bianchini

Turkey (CUNI) - Nazan Koluman



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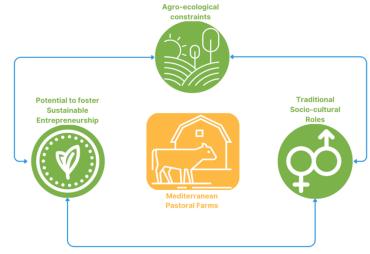
Concept - Pastoralism

A pastoral system is a complex structure emerging from interactions of raising livestock and utilizing natural resources, in which breeders share production purposes, traditions and cultural values

Extensive grazing is substantial but includes

- A gradient of intensification in the use of rangelands
- Diverse species and local breeds
- Livestock movements (sedentary, transhumance)
- Use of salaried labour and fixed/variable capital at different degrees

PASTINNOVA focuses specifically on smallholders maintaining 'pastoral identities'



- ☐ Social role
- Environmental role
- Cultural role





